

Adaptive Q-Network: On-the-fly Target Selection for Deep Reinforcement Learning

Théo Vincent



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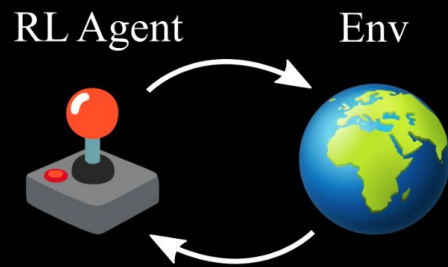
Boris Belousov



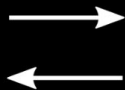
Carlo D'Eramo



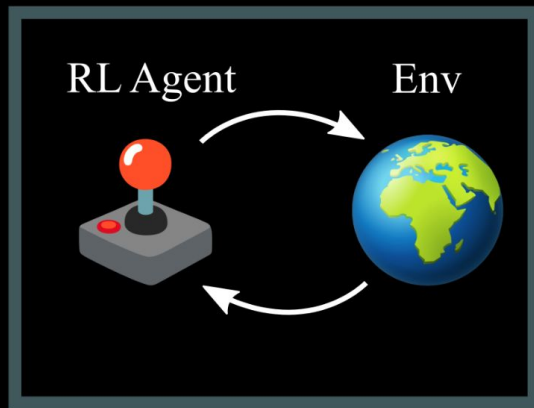
An AutoML algorithm tailored for RL ✂



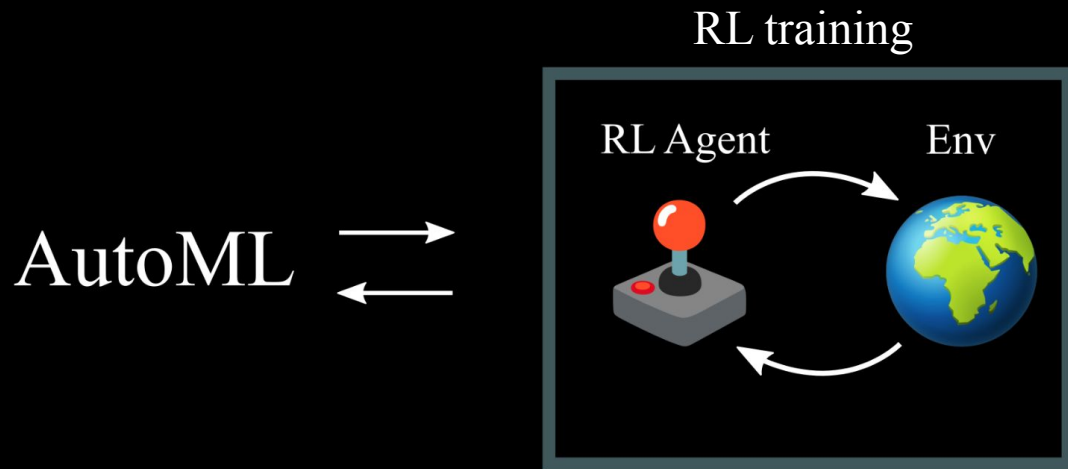
Hyperparameters



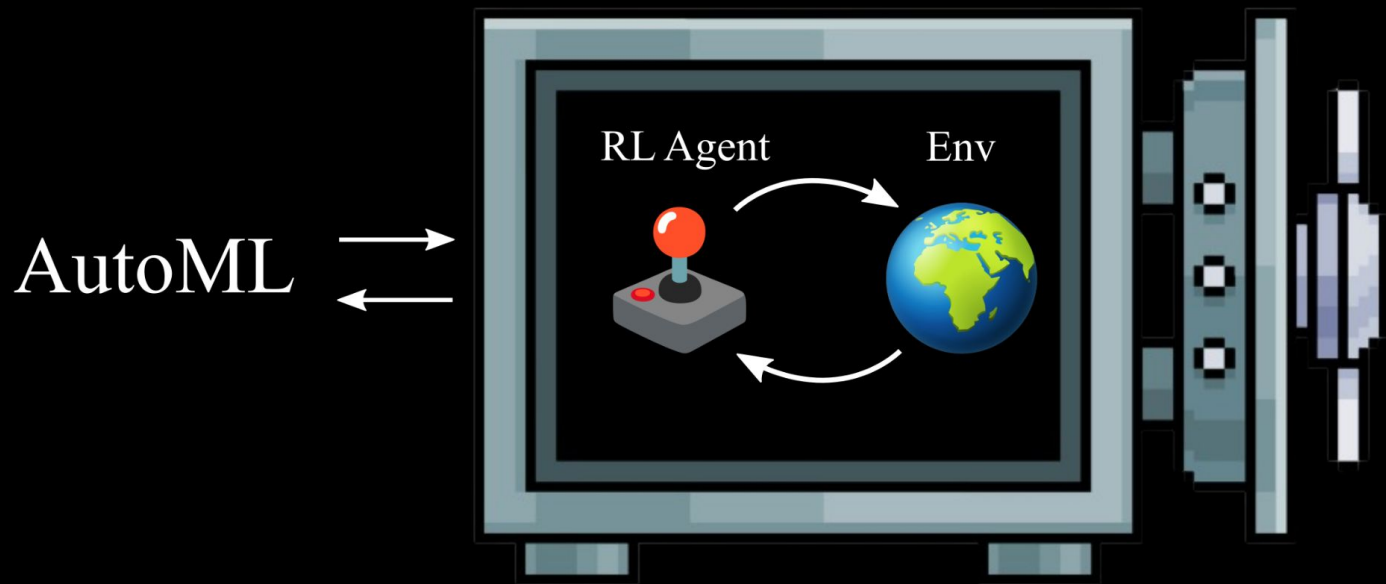
RL training



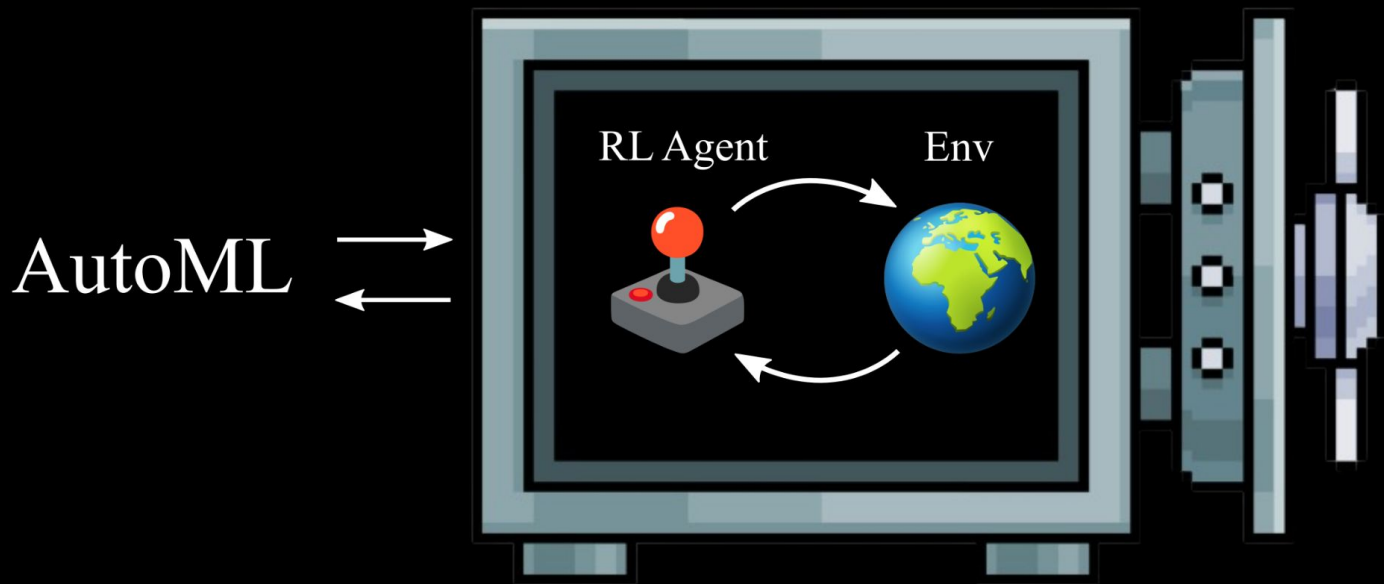
Automated Machine Learning for RL



Automated Machine Learning for RL



Automated Machine Learning for RL



Ignores RL nonstationarities



Q-learning



Q-learning



$\bar{Q}_0$

Target network

Q-learning

$$\Gamma \bar{Q}_0$$

Target

Q-learning

$$\Gamma \bar{Q}_0 \longrightarrow Q_1$$

Online network

$$\mathcal{L}(\theta \mid \bar{\theta}) = ||\Gamma \bar{Q}_0 - Q_1||$$

Q-learning

$$\Gamma \bar{Q}_0 \rightarrow Q_1 | \Gamma \bar{Q}_1$$

Target update $\bar{\theta} \leftarrow \theta$

$$\mathcal{L}(\theta \mid \bar{\theta}) = ||\Gamma \bar{Q}_1 - Q_1||$$

Q-learning

$$\Gamma \bar{Q}_0 \rightarrow Q_1 | \Gamma \bar{Q}_1$$

Target update $\bar{\theta} \leftarrow \theta$

$$\mathcal{L}(\theta | \bar{\theta}) = ||\Gamma \bar{Q}_1 - Q_1||$$



Brakes stationarity



Q-learning

$$\Gamma \bar{Q}_0 \longrightarrow Q_1 \mid \Gamma \bar{Q}_1 \longrightarrow Q_2$$

$$\mathcal{L}(\theta \mid \bar{\theta}) = ||\Gamma \bar{Q}_1 - Q_2||$$

Q-learning

$$\Gamma \bar{Q}_0 \longrightarrow Q_1 | \Gamma \bar{Q}_1 \longrightarrow Q_2 | \Gamma \bar{Q}_2$$

$$\bar{\theta} \leftarrow \theta$$

$$\mathcal{L}(\theta \mid \bar{\theta}) = ||\Gamma \bar{Q}_2 - Q_2||$$



Brakes stationarity



Q-learning

$$\Gamma \bar{Q}_0 \longrightarrow Q_1 \mid \Gamma \bar{Q}_1 \longrightarrow Q_2 \mid \Gamma \bar{Q}_2 \longrightarrow \dots$$

Naive approach using AutoML for Q-learning

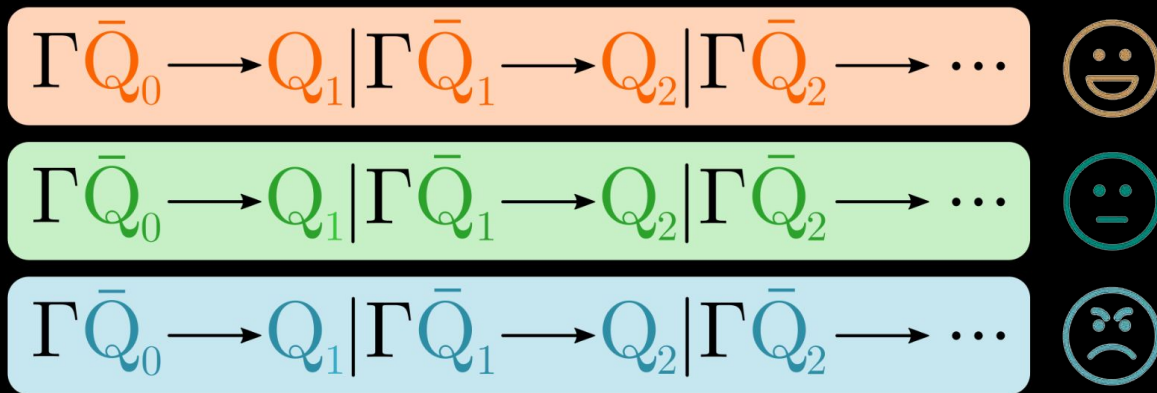
$$\Gamma \bar{Q}_0 \longrightarrow Q_1 \mid \Gamma \bar{Q}_1 \longrightarrow Q_2 \mid \Gamma \bar{Q}_2 \longrightarrow \dots$$

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Grid search

Naive approach using AutoML for Q-learning

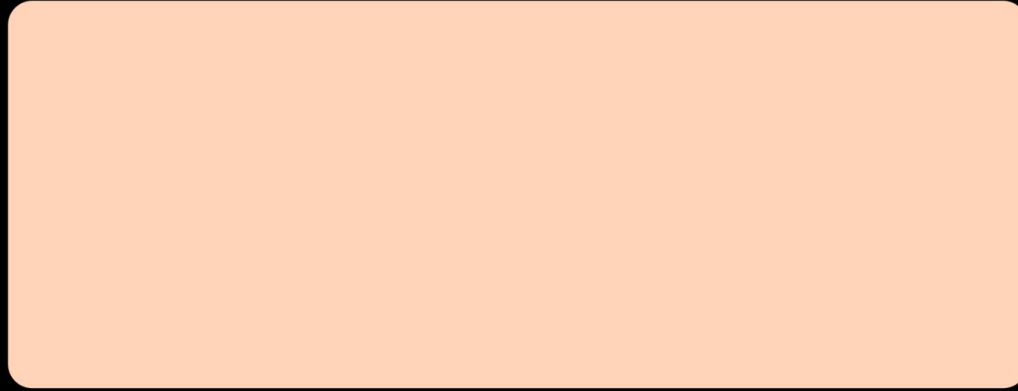


Grid search

Ignores
nonstationarities

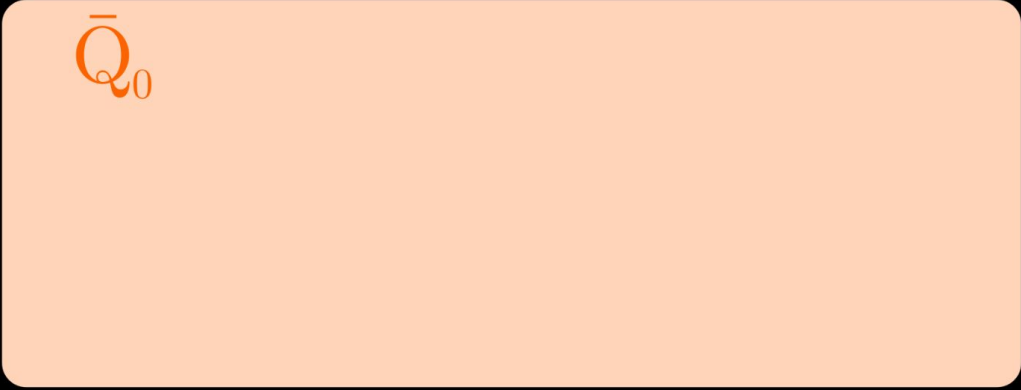
Multiple trainings

Adaptive Q-Network (ours)



Only one training

Adaptive Q-Network



The diagram shows a light blue rounded rectangle representing the network. Inside the rectangle, the text $\bar{Q}_{Q_0}$ is located in the top-left corner. The rest of the rectangle is empty, representing the internal structure of the network.

$\bar{Q}_{Q_0}$

Target network

Adaptive Q-Network

$\Gamma \bar{Q}_{Q_0}$

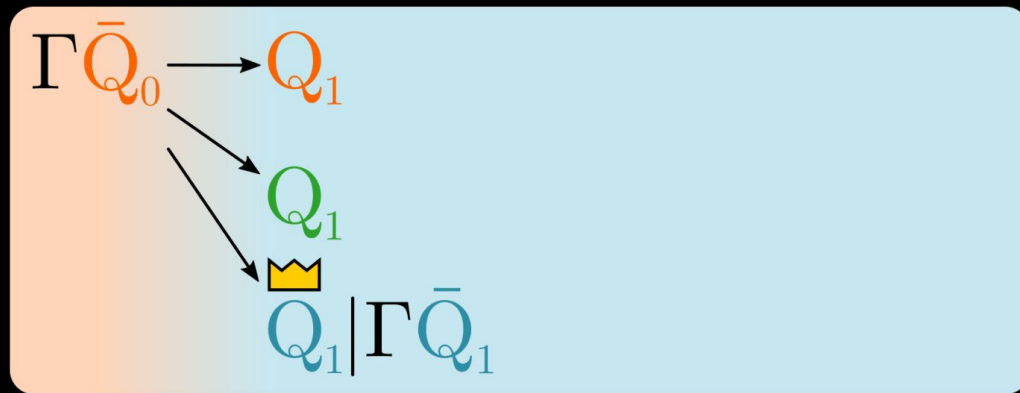
Target

Adaptive Q-Network



Online networks
with different hyperparameters

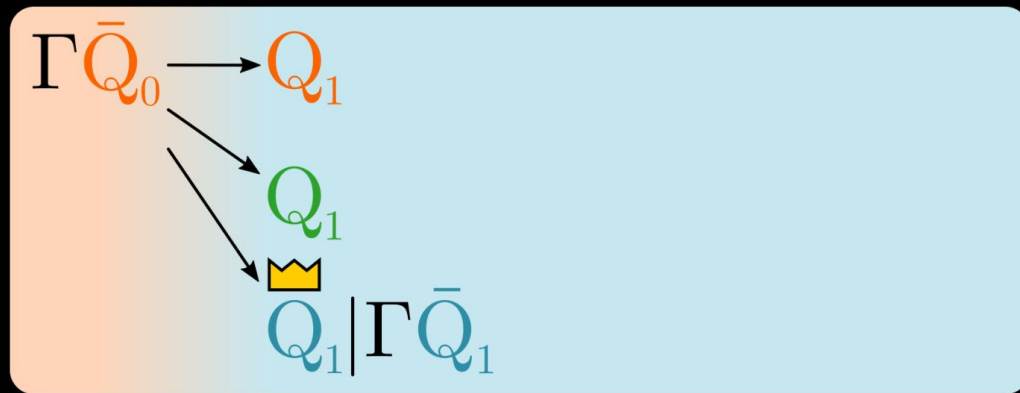
Adaptive Q-Network



$$\bar{\theta} \leftarrow \underset{\theta^k, k \in \{1, \dots, K\}}{\operatorname{argmin}} \text{TD-error}(\theta^k, \bar{\theta})$$

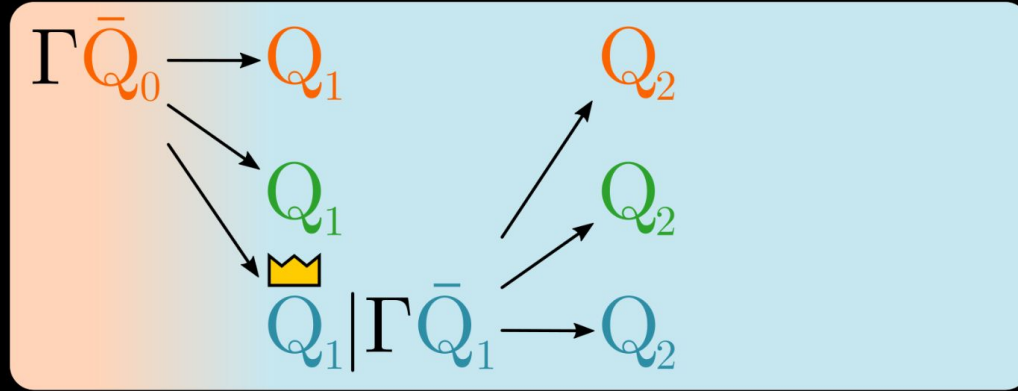
Target update

Adaptive Q-Network



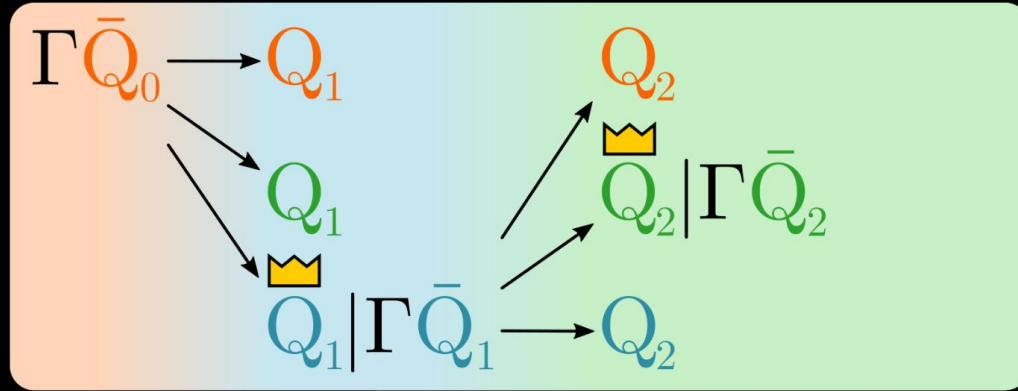
$$\bar{\theta} \leftarrow \underset{\theta^k, k \in \{1, \dots, K\}}{\operatorname{argmin}} \text{TD-error}(\theta^k, \bar{\theta})$$

Adaptive Q-Network



Nonstationarity accounted for

Adaptive Q-Network



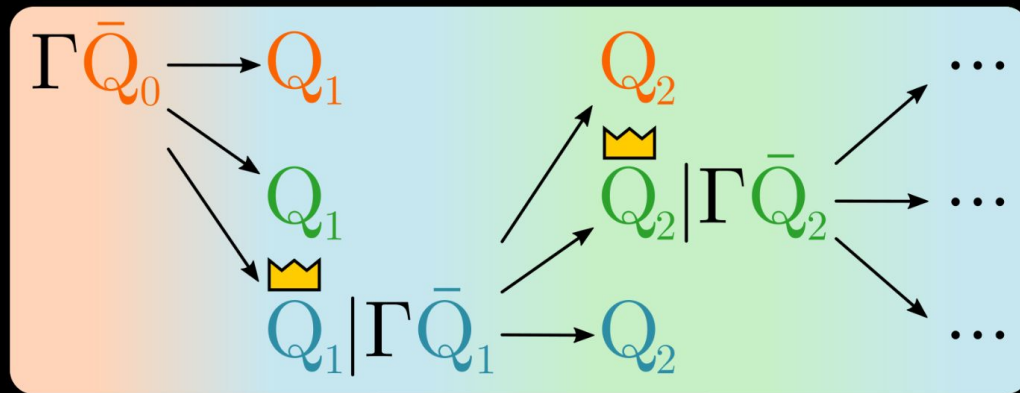
$$\bar{\theta} \leftarrow \underset{\theta^k, k \in \{1, \dots, K\}}{\operatorname{argmin}} \text{TD-error}(\theta^k, \bar{\theta})$$



Nonstationarity accounted for



Adaptive Q-Network



$$\bar{\theta} \leftarrow \underset{\theta^k, k \in \{1, \dots, K\}}{\operatorname{argmin}} \text{TD-error}(\theta^k, \bar{\theta})$$

Experiments

Activation functions (18)

CELU

ELU

GELU

Hard Sigmoid

Hard SiLU

Hard tanh

Leaky ReLU

Log-Sigmoid

Log-Softmax

ReLU

SELU

Sigmoid

SiLU

Soft-sign

Softmax

Softplus

Standardize

Tanh

Activation functions (18)

CELU
ELU
GELU
Hard Sigmoid
Hard SiLU
Hard tanh
Leaky ReLU
Log-Sigmoid
Log-Softmax
ReLU
SELU
Sigmoid
SiLU
Soft-sign
Softmax
Softplus
Standardize
Tanh

Optimizers (24)

AdaBelief
AdaDelta
AdaGrad
AdaFactor
Adam
Adamax
AdamaxW
AdamW
AMSGrad
Fromage
Lamb
Lars
Lion
Nadam
NadamW
Noisy SGD
Novograd
Optimistic GD
RAdam
RMSProp
RProp
SGD
SM3
Yogi

Activation functions (18)

CELU
ELU
GELU
Hard Sigmoid
Hard SiLU
Hard tanh
Leaky ReLU
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SELU
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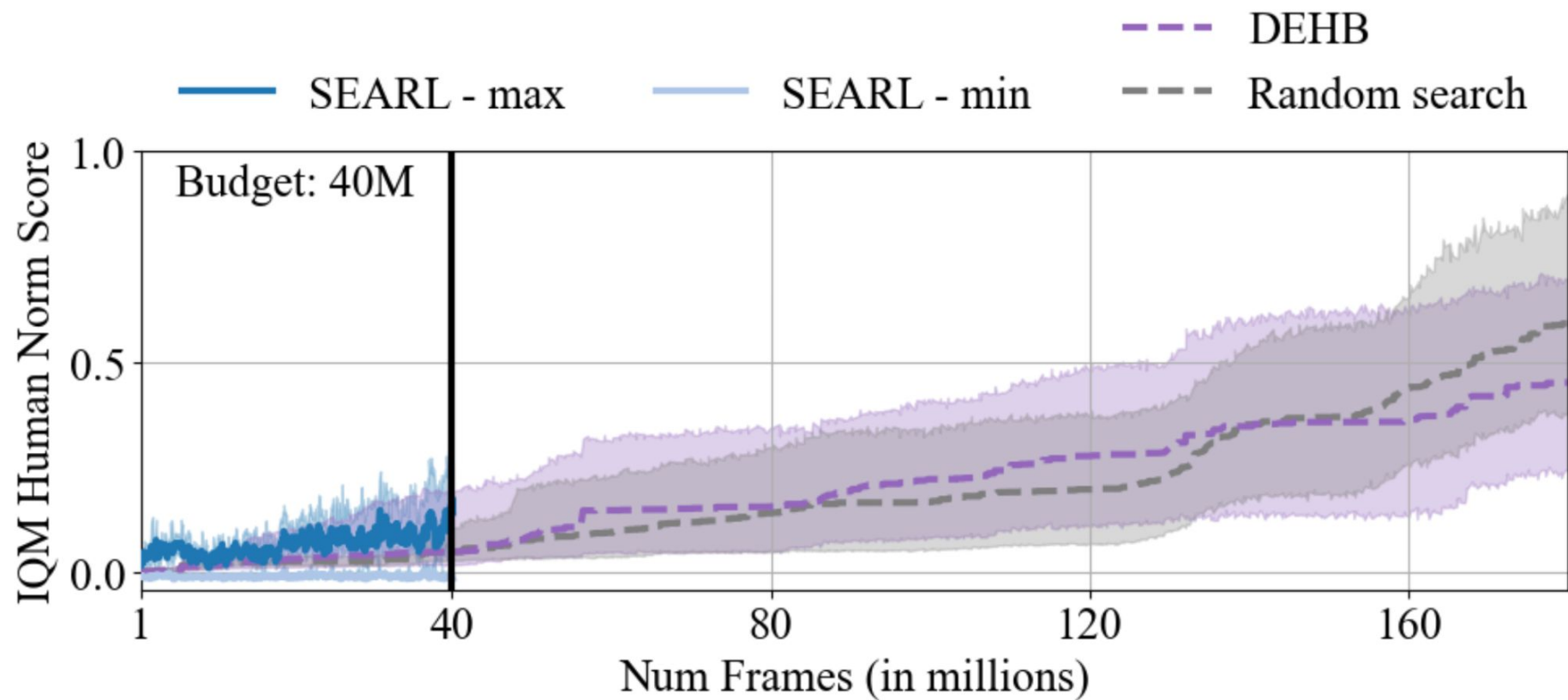
Optimizers (24)

AdaBelief
AdaDelta
AdaGrad
AdaFactor
Adam
Adamax
AdamaxW
AdamW
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Optimistic GD
RAdam
RMSProp
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SGD
SM3
Yogi

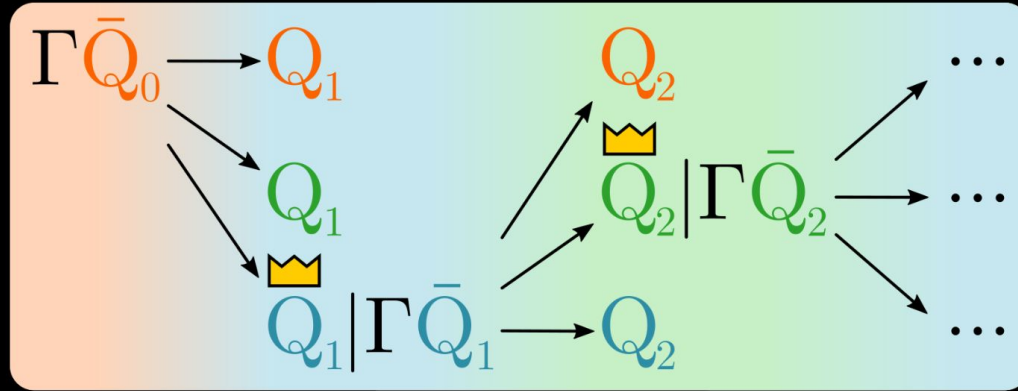
Losses (4)

Huber
L1
L2
Log cosh

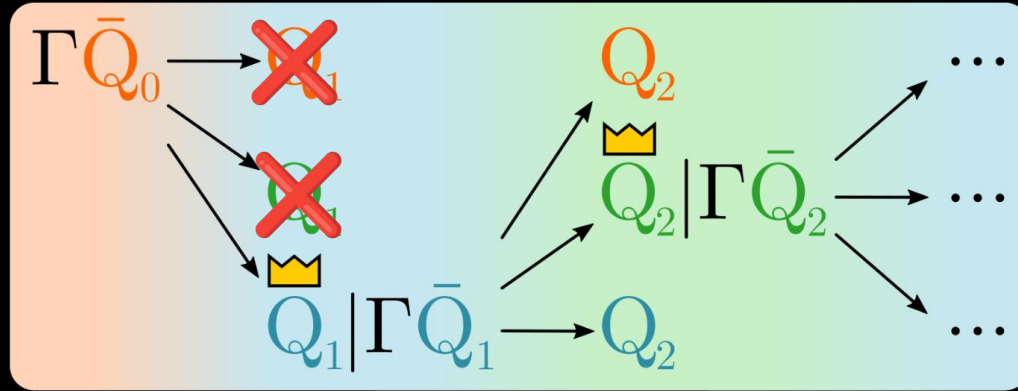
Activation functions (18)	Optimizers (24)	Losses (4)	Learning rates	Number of CNN layers	Number of CNN channels
CELU	AdaBelief	Huber	From	From	From
ELU	AdaDelta	L1	0.0000001	1	16
GELU	AdaGrad	L2	to	to	to
Hard Sigmoid	AdaFactor	Log cosh	0.001	3	64
Hard SiLU	Adam				
Hard tanh	Adamax				
Leaky ReLU	AdamaxW				
Log-Sigmoid	AdamW				
Log-Softmax	AMSGrad				
ReLU	Fromage				
SELU	Lamb	Kernel size of CNN layers	From	Stride of CNN layers	From
Sigmoid	Lars		2		2
SiLU	Lion		to		to
Soft-sign	Nadam		8		5
Softmax	NadamW				
Softplus	Noisy SGD				
Standardize	Novograd	Number of hidden MLP layers		Number of MLP neurons	
Tanh	Optimistic GD				
	RAdam		From		From
	RMSProp		0		25
	RProp		to		to
	SGD		2		512
	SM3				
	Yogi				



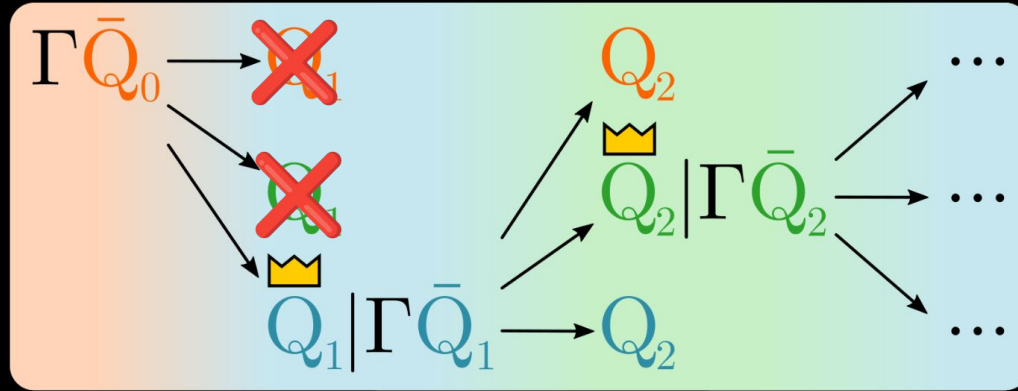
Adaptive Q-Network

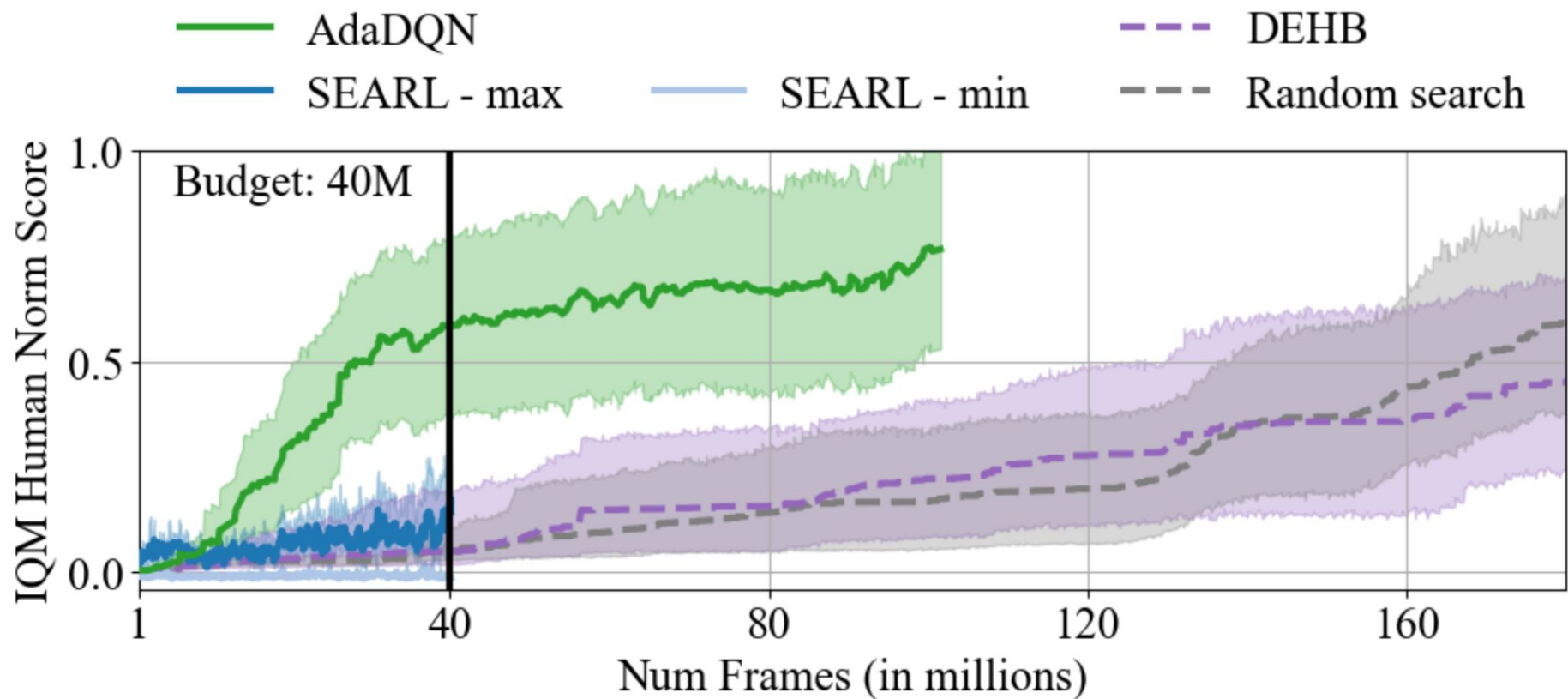


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An AutoRL algorithm tailored for RL ✂



AdaQN **accounts** for
RL nonstationarities



AdaQN is effective in
large hyperparameter
spaces